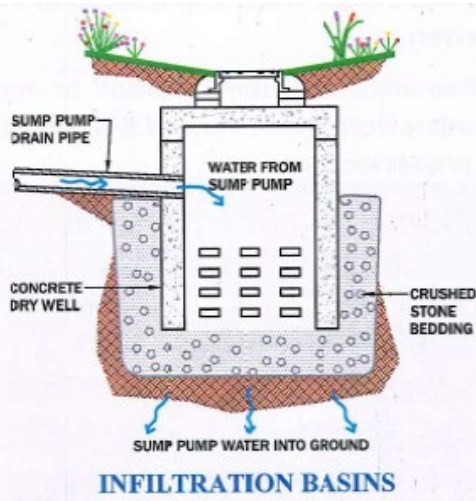


SUMP PUMP DISCHARGE OPTIONS



RAIN GARDENS



MUNICIPAL DRAIN SERVICES

City Code 136-8: Use of Sanitary Sewers.

E.sanitary sewers shall be used only for the conveyance and disposal of domestic wastewater, and for industrial wastes which are not objectionable as hereinafter provided. No sanitary sewer shall be used to receive and convey or dispose of any stormwater or surface water, subsoil drainage or unpolluted water.

WHAT YOU CAN DO TO HELP

Check to see if your home contributes I/I:

1. Look for I/I connections in your basement and on the outside of your house.
2. Look for additional information that will be provided by the City.
3. Contact the City by calling Brian Vincent at 603-448-3112 to set up an appointment and check for I/I connections to the sewer or for more information.

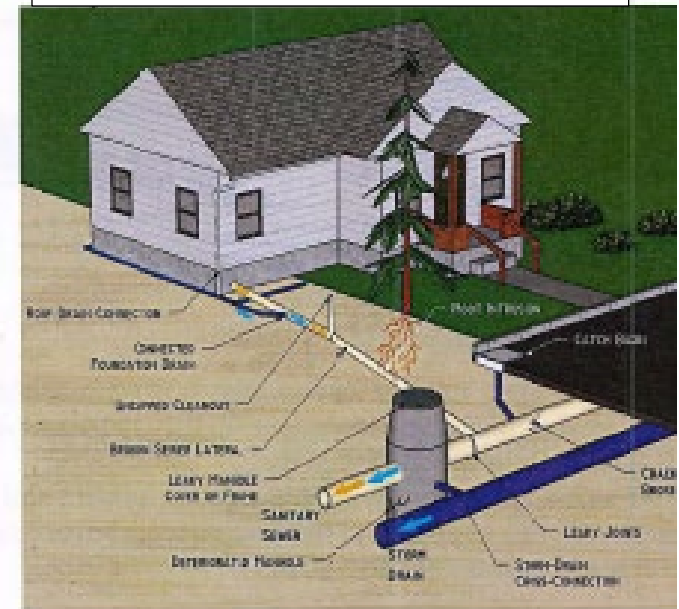
Brochure prepared by City of Lebanon
Department of Public Works.

Phone: 603-448-3112



INFLOW REMOVAL PROGRAM*

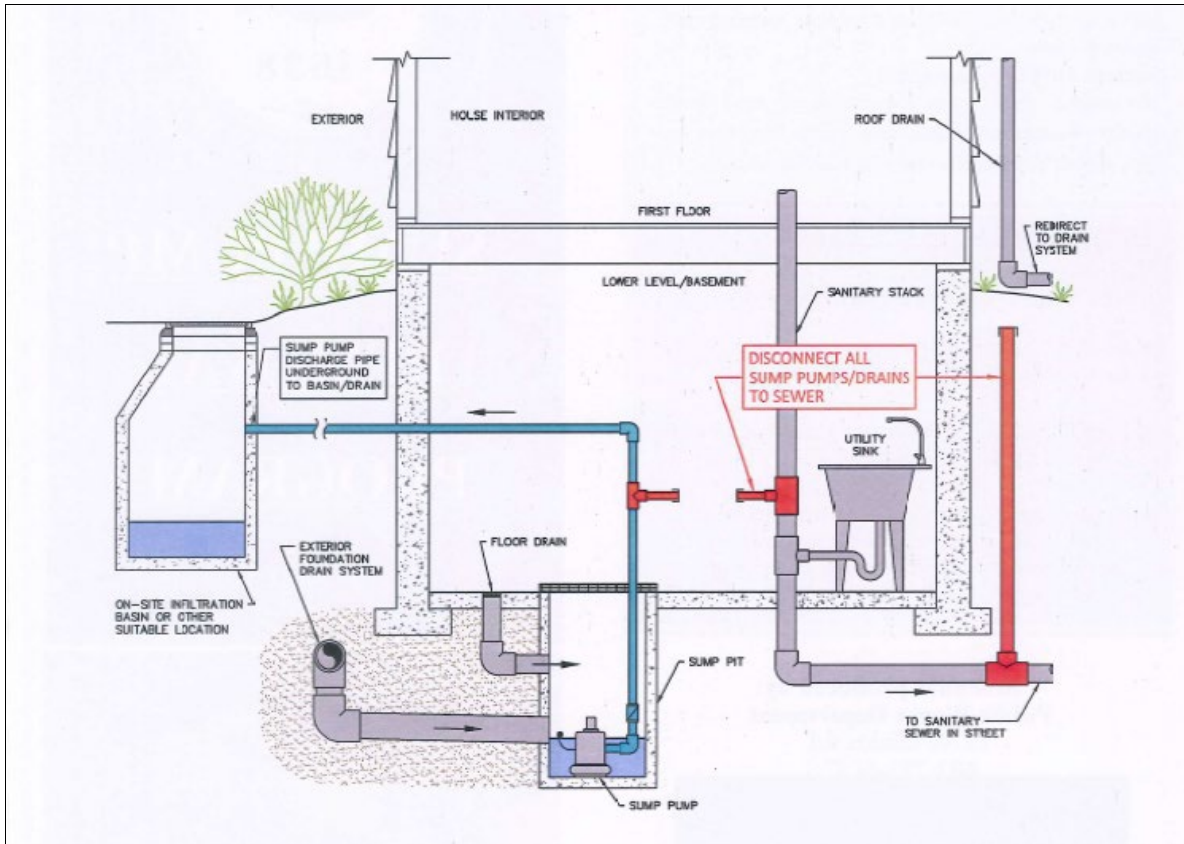
*Includes sump pumps, roof leaders, floor drains, foundation drains and other illicit connections



This is an example of how inflow is connected to the sanitary sewer, which is what the City plans to eliminate!

What is Infiltration and Inflow (I/I)?

I/I is clean water that gets into the sewer system and is treated at the wastewater treatment facility. Since the water is clean, it doesn't really need to be treated like sewage ("dirty" water) does. However, because it gets into the sewer system it is processed like sewage and treated. Treatment cost money (from ratepayers) and treating clean water is a waste of money and energy. Removing the clean water from the sewer system will reduce the costs of treatment and provides other benefits to the City. *This brochure* summarizes some of the important points you should know about I/I in your house and how you can help!



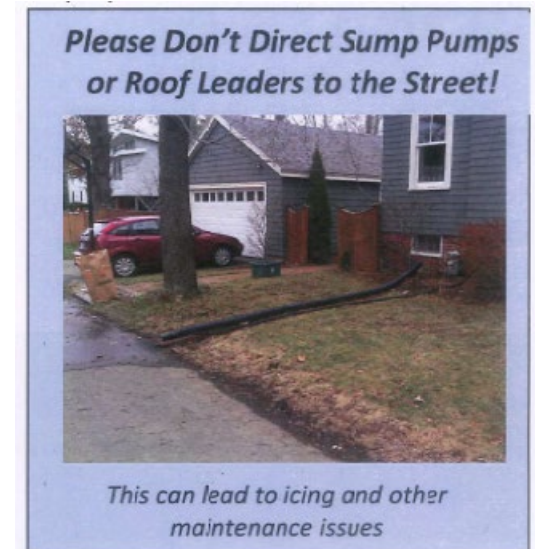
WHY IT'S A BIG DEAL

- Ratepayers pay to treat wastewater. It is estimated that I/I from private properties is a contributing factor to the total flow at the wastewater treatment facility and takes away flow capacity on the sewer pipe for future development. Too much I/I can overwhelm the sewer system and cause dirty water to overflow to the Connecticut River (called a combined sewer overflow (CSO)).

- Treating I/I at the wastewater treatment facility leaves less space for treating sewage and requires capital improvements to treat these higher flows.
- I/I from private property violates the City Code. For more info go to City Code 136.

Remove clean water connections to the sewer:

Disconnect any sump pumps or roof leaders from the sewer and discharge to a proper location.



Preferred Discharge Locations include:

- On-site Infiltration Basin
- Rain Gardens
- Municipal Drain Service Lateral (if applicable)
- Surface Drainage Courses (see reverse side for examples)

**Also...spread the word
Tell a neighbor or a friend
about the Sump Pump Program.**